

Cooper v Aaron 358 US 1, 78 S. Ct. 1401 (1958)

Note: Any judge who does not comply with his oath to the Constitution wars against the Constitution and engages in acts in violation of the supreme law of the land. The judge is engaged in acts of treason. The US Supreme Court has stated that "no state legislator or executive or judicial officer can war Against the constitution without violating his undertaking to support it. See also *In Re Sawyer*, 124 US 200 (188); *US v Will* 449 US 200, 101 S Ct 471, 66 L Ed. 2d 392, 406; *Cohens v Virginia*, 19 US (6 Wheat) 264, 404, 5 L. Ed 257 (1821)

Article III, Sec. 1 "The Judicial Power of the United States shall be vested in one supreme court, and in such inferior courts... the judge... shall hold their offices during good behavior..."

Tort and Insurance Law Journal, Spring 1986 21 n3, p 509-516, *Federal tort law: judges cannot invoke judicial immunity for acts that violate litigants' civil rights -- Robert Craig Waters.*